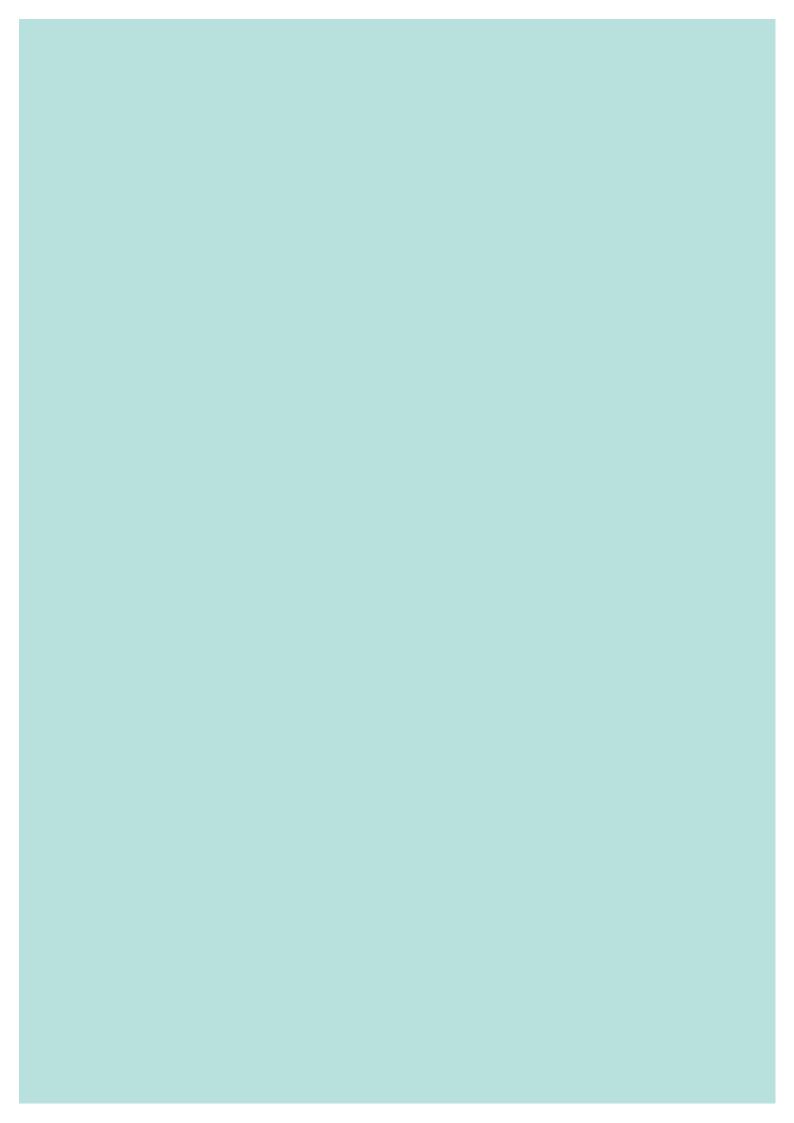
Country progress report - Brunei Darussalam

Global AIDS Monitoring 2020





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- IV. HIV prevention; Key populations Ensure access to combination prevention options, including pre-exposure prophylaxis, voluntary medical male circumcision, harm reduction and condoms, to at least 90% of people by 2020, especially young women and adolescent girls in high-prevalence countries and key populations—gay men and other men who have sex with men, transgender people, sex workers and their clients, people who inject drugs and prisoners
- V. Gender; Stigma and discrimination Eliminate gender inequalities and end all forms of violence and discrimination against women and girls, people living with HIV and key populations by 2020
- VI. Knowledge of HIV and access to sexual reproductive health services Ensure that 90% of young people have the skills, knowledge and capacity to protect themselves from HIV and have access to sexual and reproductive health services by 2020, in order to reduce the number of new HIV infections among adolescent girls and young women to below 100 000 per year
- VII. Empowerment and access to justice Empower people living with, at risk of and affected by HIV to know their rights and to access justice and legal services to prevent and challenge violations of human rights
- VIII. AIDS out of isolation Commit to taking AIDS out of isolation through people-centred systems to improve universal health coverage, including treatment for tuberculosis, cervical cancer and hepatitis B and C

Overall

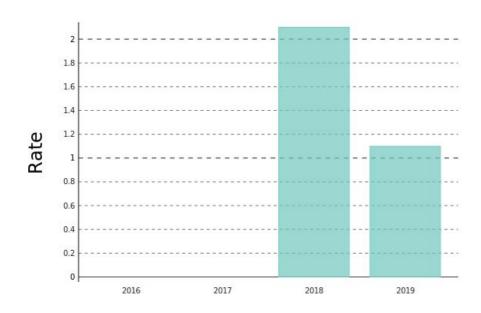
Fast-track targets

Progress summary

Brunei Darussalam is currently drafting the National Strategic HIV/AIDS and STI plan. This is a 5 year plan. It is will be aligned with the 2020 Fast-track commitments and expanded target to end AIDS.

1.7 AIDS mortality per 100 000, Brunei Darussalam (2016-2019)

Total number of people who have died from AIDS-related causes per 100 000 population



HIV testing and treatment cascade

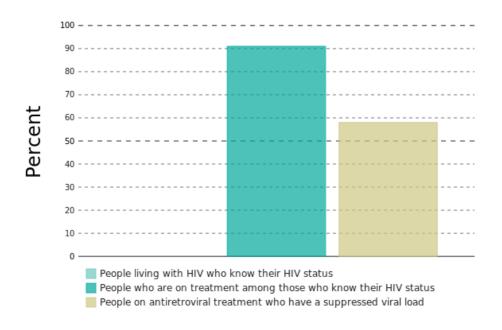
Ensure that 30 million people living with HIV have access to treatment through meeting the 90-90-90 targets by 2020

Policy questions (2018)

-; -

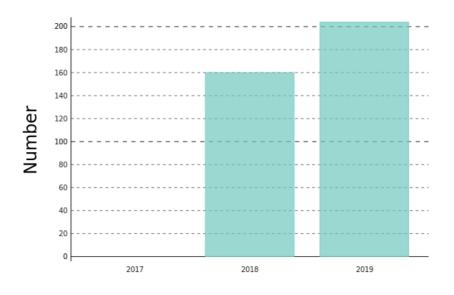
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Is there a law, regulation or policy specifying that HIV testing:
a) Is mandatory before marriage
No
b) Is mandatory to obtain a work or residence permit
Yes
c) Is mandatory for certain groups
Yes
antenatal mothers, prisoners, rehabilitation centres, blood donation
What is the recommended CD4 threshold for initiating antiretroviral therapy in adults and adolescents who are asymptomatic, as per MoH guidelines or directive, and what is the implementation status?
-; -
Does your country have a current national policy on routine viral load testing for monitoring antiretroviral therapy and to what extent is it implemented?
a) For adults and adolescents
-; -
b) For children

Progress towards 90-90-90 target, Brunei Darussalam (2019)



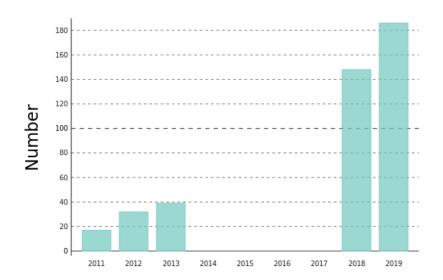
1.1 People living with HIV who know their HIV status, Brunei Darussalam (2017-2019)

Number of people living with HIV who know their HIV status



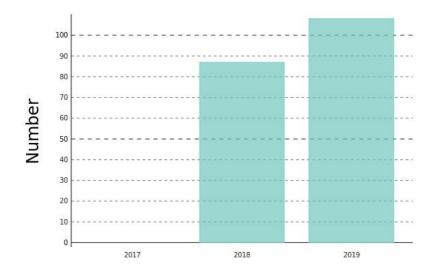
1.2 People living with HIV on antiretroviral therapy, Brunei Darussalam (2011-2019)

Number of people on antiretroviral therapy



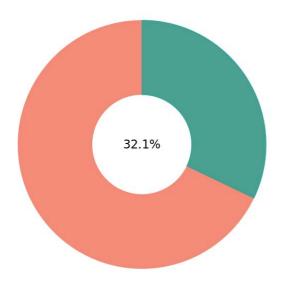
1.3 People living with HIV on antiretroviral treatment who have suppressed viral load, Brunei Darussalam (2017-2019)

Number of people living with HIV with suppressed viral loads



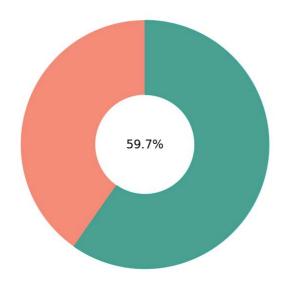
1.4 Late HIV diagnosis, Brunei Darussalam (2019)

Percentage of people living with HIV with the initial CD4 cell count <200 cells/mm3 during the reporting period



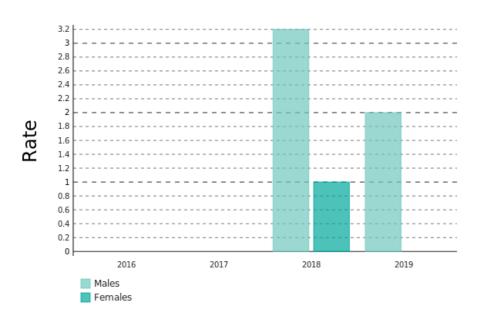
1.4 Late HIV diagnosis, Brunei Darussalam (2019)

Percentage of people living with HIV with the initial CD4 cell count <350 cells/mm3 during the reporting period



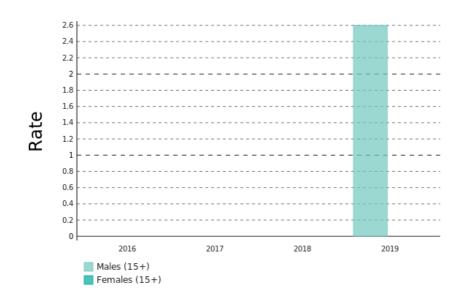
1.6 AIDS mortality rate per 100 000, Brunei Darussalam (2016-2019)

Total number of people who have died from AIDS-related causes per 100 000 population



1.6 AIDS mortality rate per 100 000 among adults, Brunei Darussalam (2016-2019)

Total number of adults who have died from AIDS-related causes per 100 000 population

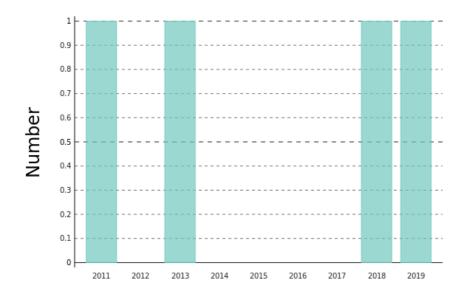


Prevention of mother-tochild transmission

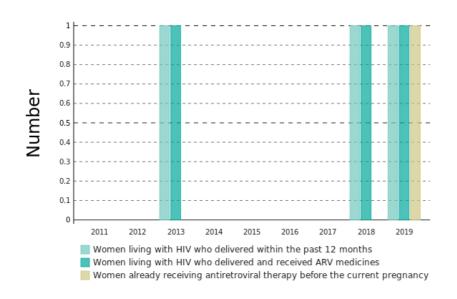
Eliminate new HIV infections among children by 2020 while ensuring that 1.6 million children have access to HIV treatment by 2018

2.1 Early infant diagnosis, Brunei Darussalam (2011-2019)

Number of infants who received an HIV test within two months of birth

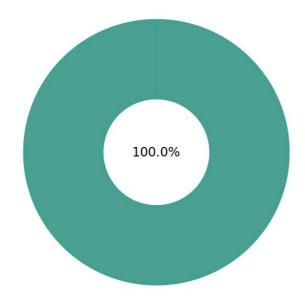


2.3 Preventing mother-to-child transmission of HIV, Brunei Darussalam (2011-2019)



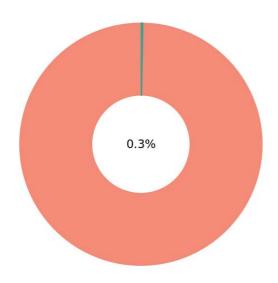
2.4 Syphilis among pregnant women, Brunei Darussalam (2019)

Percentage of pregnant women tested for syphilis



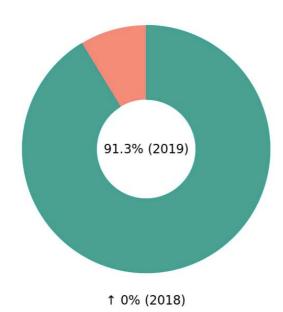
2.4 Syphilis among pregnant women, Brunei Darussalam (2019)

Percentage of pregnant women tested positive for syphilis



2.6 HIV testing in pregnant women, Brunei Darussalam (2018-2019)

Percentage of pregnant women with known HIV status

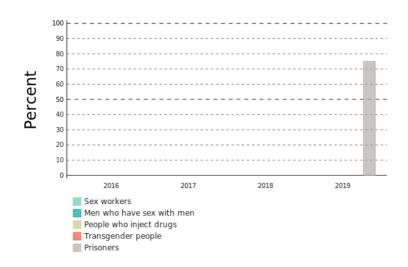


HIV prevention; Key populations

Ensure access to combination prevention options, including pre-exposure prophylaxis, voluntary medical male circumcision, harm reduction and condoms, to at least 90% of people by 2020, especially young women and adolescent girls in high-prevalence countries and key populations—gay men and other men who have sex with men, transgender people, sex workers and their clients, people who inject drugs and prisoners

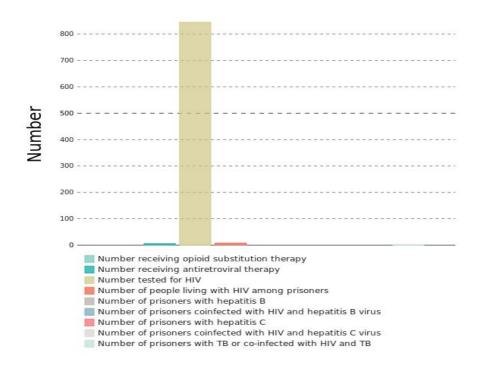
3.5 Antiretroviral therapy coverage among people living with HIV in key populations, Brunei Darussalam (2016-2019)

Percentage of the people living with HIV in a key population receiving antiretroviral therapy in the past 12 months



3.13 HIV prevention programmes in prisons, Brunei Darussalam (2019)

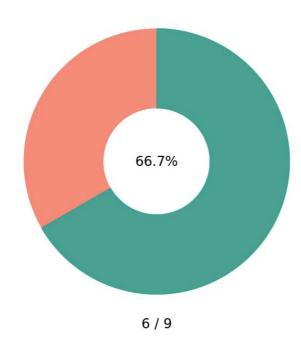
HIV prevention and treatment programmes offered to prisoners while detained



Gender; Stigma and discrimination

Eliminate gender inequalities and end all forms of violence and discrimination against women and girls, people living with HIV and key populations by 2020

Percentage of Global AIDS Monitoring indicators with data disaggregated by gender



Knowledge of HIV and access to sexual reproductive health services

Ensure that 90% of young people have the skills, knowledge and capacity to protect themselves from HIV and have access to sexual and reproductive health services by 2020, in order to reduce the number of new HIV infections among adolescent girls and young women to below 100 000 per year

Policy questions (2018)

Does your country have education policies that guide the delivery of life skills-based HIV and sexuality education, according to international standards, in:

a) Primary school

No

b) Secondary school

Yes

c) Teacher training

Yes

Empowerment and access to justice

Empower people living with, at risk of and affected by HIV to know their rights and to access justice and legal services to prevent and challenge violations of human rights

Policy questions (2018)

In the past two years have there been training and/or capacity building programmes for people living with HIV and key populations to educate them and raise their awareness concerning their rights (in the context of HIV) in your country?

No

Are there mechanisms in place to record and address cases of HIV-related discrimination (based on perceived HIV status and/or belonging to any key population)?

What accountability mechanisms in relation to discrimination and violations of human rights in healthcare settings does your country have, if any?

What barriers in accessing accountability mechanisms does your country have, if any?

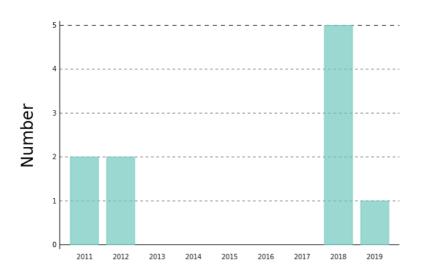
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AIDS out of isolation

Commit to taking AIDS out of isolation through peoplecentred systems to improve universal health coverage, including treatment for tuberculosis, cervical cancer and hepatitis B and C

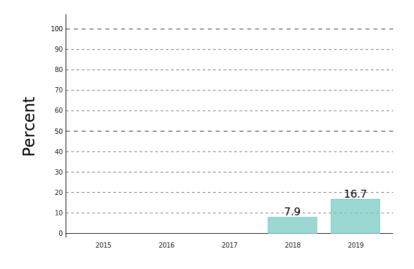
10.1 Co-managing TB and HIV treatment, Brunei Darussalam (2011-2019)

Number of HIV-positive new and relapse TB patients started on TB treatment during the reporting period who were already on antiretroviral therapy or started on antiretroviral therapy during TB treatment within the reporting year



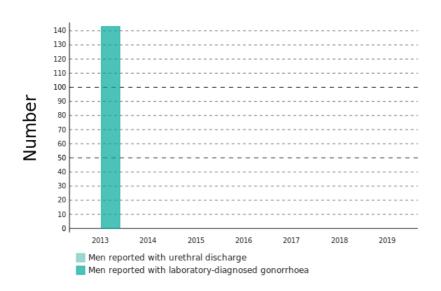
10.2 Proportion of people living with HIV newly enrolled in HIV care with active TB disease, Brunei Darussalam (2015-2019)

Total number of people living with HIV with active TB expressed as a percentage of those who are newly enrolled in HIV care (pre-antiretroviral therapy or antiretroviral therapy) during the reporting period



10.4/10.5 Sexually transmitted infections, Brunei Darussalam (2013-2019)

Number of men reporting urethral discharge in the past 12 months; number of men reported with laboratory-diagnosed gonorrhoea in the past 12 months



10.6 Hepatitis testing, Brunei Darussalam (2015-2019)

Proportion of people starting antiretroviral therapy who were tested for hepatitis C virus (HCV)

